

THE DEMOCRAT.

B. H. ADAMS, Publisher.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, - MISSOURI.

SEPTEMBER-1895.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

DOMESTIC.

A FLOOD at Webb City, Mo., did damage to the extent of \$100,000.

The world's fair exhibition medals and awards to Italian exhibitors will be received by them in October.

CHILCOOTS, Chilkats and whisky were responsible for the death of two braves and one squaw during an aboriginal difference of opinion in Alaska.

The annual national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic commenced at Louisville, Ky.

The Frank Moseley company, leather merchants and tanners at Montreal, failed for \$300,000.

BECAUSE she refused to live with him Lon Rooker cut the throat of his wife at Indianapolis, Ind., and also fatally wounded Mrs. Emma Pees, her sister, and then cut his own throat.

The eighty-second annual convocation of the grand commandery of Knights Templar of New York state convened at Niagara Falls.

CALIFORNIA celebrated the forty-fifth anniversary of her admission into the union.

WILLIAM BRINKLEY and his brother James met at Columbus, Ind., after a separation of sixty-two years.

FIVE business houses at Neosho, Mo., were destroyed by a rise in the river and a number of dwelling houses were carried away.

MANY rivers overflowed their banks in Kansas, inundating several villages and doing immense damage. The town of Gridley was completely wrecked.

MICHIGAN bankers in annual session at Detroit adopted resolutions against the free coinage of silver.

A CAN in which a number of negro employees of a sawmill in Holmes county, Fla., were asleep, was surrounded by masked men who shot two negroes dead and wounded several others.

STRIKERS at Neagunee, Mich., were becoming desperate and guards had to be kept along the railroads leading to Ishpeming to protect the passengers.

The second of the five races for America's cup was won by the Valkyrie, the British yacht, by 47 seconds, over a triangular course 30 miles long, off the coast of New York.

JOHN HARBELLO and Michael Sabo were asphyxiated while cleaning tanks at the Standard Oil company's plant at Whiting, Ind.

At Mascoutah, Ill., Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schaninger and Mrs. Mary Weber, three people upward of 70 years of age, were thrown from a wagon and probably fatally injured.

CHARLES O'NEAL and William Gooding started from Lacon, Ill., to make a tour of the states on bicycles, to be gone three years.

The South Carolina constitutional convention convened at Columbia.

Is a railway wreck near Evansville, Wis., F. P. Hollinshead and E. J. Sullivan were killed and several other persons were injured.

The entire family of Charles F. Krueger—father, mother and six children—of Michigan City, Ind., is dead from eating diseased pork one year ago, the last surviving child dying recently.

A WOMAN dressed in boy's clothing has passed through San Bernardino, Cal., looking for a runaway husband. She had taken the brake beam route from the east.

DR. A. W. HITT, of Chicago, says that there are over 500 cases of leprosy in the United States.

WILLIAM MURPHY, of Saginaw, Mich., one of the best known lumbermen of the northwest, died in Bangor, Me., aged 51 years.

The Roman Catholic university in Washington decided to admit women as pupils in all the higher studies.

STRIKE meetings were being held in the Pennsylvania coke regions and the indications were for labor troubles in the near future.

TWO-JIM WAKFIELD, a negro, committed suicide at Elkton, Ky., because tobacco worms destroyed his forty-acre crop.

The regatta committee of the New York Yacht club heard evidence bearing upon the protested race and awarded the second race of the series between Defender and Valkyrie for the America's cup to the American boat.

WILLIAM CALDWELL (colored) was hanged by a mob near Osceola, Ark., for murdering Mrs. Rhea, a white woman.

The fire losses in the United States and Canada during August amounted to \$9,929,000, against \$10,432,000 in August, 1894.

The exports of breadstuffs during August amounted to \$9,596,130, against \$10,884,200 during August, 1894. The provisions exported amounted to \$11,281,339, against \$15,930,141 in August last year.

WILLIAM DRAVIS, an aeronaut, was killed at the Ritchie county fair at Pennsboro, W. Va., by falling 2,000 feet.

The pine regions of the Michigan and 2nd Paint rivers in Wisconsin were being swept by forest fires.

THE entire business portion of Conway Springs, Kan., was burned.

THE parade of the Grand Army of the Republic at Louisville, Ky., was participated in by 50,000 veterans. In the evening speeches were made by Henry Watterson, Lieut. Gov. Jacobs, Commander-in-Chief Lawler, Gen. Lew Wallace and Mrs. John A. Logan.

FOUR members of the Louisville (Ky.) legion were instantly killed by the explosion of ammunition in the caisson of a gun being driven for service in the G. A. R. parade.

TRAINS collided on the Great Northern road near Ashby, Minn., and five persons were killed.

THE New York Central's record-breaking train went from New York to Buffalo, 436 miles, in 407 minutes, or 6 hours and 47 minutes, an average of 64 1/2 miles an hour, breaking all records.

THE wife and child of a man named Stiles and his father-in-law, J. D. Borden, were killed by Indians near Las Flores, Cal.

FLAMES in tobacco warehouses at Lancaster, Pa., caused a loss of \$100,000.

DISPATCHES from various points in the northwest reported extremely hot weather, the thermometer ranging from 90 to 97 degrees.

AT the encampment in Louisville Col. L. N. Walker, of Indianapolis, was elected commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic and St. Paul captured the reunion and encampment in 1895. The report of the adjutant general showed the total amount expended for charity the past year was \$198,898. The total membership in good standing on July 1 was 357,659.

IN the bicycle tournament at Springfield, Mass., F. J. Tits made 27 miles and 185 yards in one hour. W. C. Sargent went 2 miles in 4:24, and Starbuck made 5 miles in 10:11, and E. C. Babi went one-half mile in 1:01—all record breakers.

THE total number of votes in Philadelphia, as shown by the assessors' returns, is 291,256, an increase of 5,868 over the corresponding assessment last year.

STEPS were being taken by the grand lodge, A. O. U. W., of Missouri, to expel every saloonkeeper and bartender.

A PORTION of the grand stand on which were seated at least 10,000 people witnessing the Grand Army fire-works in Louisville gave way, injuring about 200 persons, but no fatalities were reported.

MISS ANNIE LONDOBERG, of Boston, the globe girder who left Chicago on a bicycle a year ago last spring, arrived home two weeks ahead of her scheduled time.

TWENTY-FIVE of the thirty bodies of the men who lost their lives in the Osceola mine fire near Houghton, Mich., were recovered.

THE free-for-all class racing race at Louisville for a purse of \$5,000, with Robert J. Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry as starters, was won by Robert J., the best time being 2:04 1/4.

A PASSENGER train on the Santa Fe was held up by four masked men at Curtis Station, O. T., but the robbers got nothing.

THE international yacht series in New York bay is at an end. The American yacht, Defender, sailed over the course alone, thereby winning the third and deciding race. The Valkyrie went to the starting point, crossed the line and then hauled down her sails and quit.

A HEAVY earthquake shock lasting ten seconds prevailed in lower East Tennessee along the North Carolina state line. No damage was done.

A TORNADO destroyed the railway depot at Cape Vincent, N. Y., killing two persons and injuring several others.

THE iron exchange bank at Duluth, Minn., owned by the Merritts, made an assignment and will retire from business. Depositors will be paid in full.

THE exchanges at the leading telegraphic houses in the United States during the week ended on the 13th aggregated \$897,606,918, against \$914,810,999 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 17.0.

CHARLES H. KEY was executed at Paris, Tex., for killing Smith McLathlin in the Chickasaw Nation July 21, 1894.

THERE were 187 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 13th, against 186 the week previous and 219 in the corresponding time in 1894.

A WIND and hail storm did damage at Wooster, O., and vicinity to the extent of \$300,000.

THE eighth international conference of Young Men's Christian associations of the United States and Canada opened at Clifton Forge, Va.

MRS. EMMA ROGGS, aged 47, and her daughter, aged 19, were burned to death in Philadelphia. The clothing of the daughter caught fire, and the mother lost her life in trying to save her child.

METHODIST conferences at Ann Arbor, Mich., Ottumwa, Ia., and Jacksonville, Ill., voted to admit women as lay delegates.

THE withdrawal of \$4,500,000 in gold from the treasury left the gold reserve in Washington at \$96,268,574.

FOREST fires were again raging in the vicinity of Atlantic City, N. J., consuming everything in their course. A vast amount of valuable timber and game land was being swept by the flames.

FOR the second time in two years the Kearney (Neb.) national bank closed its doors, with liabilities of \$96,000.

DR. ROBERT ALDRICH introduced a complete constitution in the convention at Columbia. Its most novel feature was a provision that no negro shall hold office in South Carolina.

FRANK MEYERS, a veteran of the late war, was notified at St. Joseph, Mich., that he had been granted a pension of \$10 a month and when he heard the news he fell dead.

DANDY JIM in a trot at Huntington, Ind., went the last heat in 2:11 1/4, making a new world's trotting race record in a half-mile track.

THE Columbia liberty bell left Chicago on its trip around the world.

THE twenty-ninth encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic closed at Louisville with a grand barbecue. The Woman's Relief Corps elected Mrs. Elizabeth Turner, of Boston, as president, the Daughters of Veterans selected Mrs. Ellen M. Walker, of Worcester, Mass., as their president, and the National Association of ex-Prisoners of War elected as president George W. Grant, of Minnesota.

THE Pennsylvania democrats in convention at Williamsport nominated Benjamin F. Meyers, of Harrisburg, for state treasurer and six candidates for judges of the supreme court. The platform lauds the administration of President Cleveland and declares for "honest money."

CHARLES CAVAROC, for many years the best known banker in New Orleans, died at the age of 67 years.

LOUIS BEACH, 88 years old, died at his home in New York. Louis and his brother Lucius had the distinction of being the oldest twins in the United States.

MRS. HIRAM JEFFERSON, the oldest colored woman in Wisconsin, died at Janesville. She had eighteen children born in slavery.

REV. SAMUEL WAKEFIELD died at West Newton, Pa. He was said to be the oldest mason, the oldest preacher of the Methodist church, and likely the oldest preacher of any denomination in the world.

THE death of United States Consul Munchmeyer, of yellow fever, occurred at San Salvador.

A GREAT battle was fought in Cuba near Canagney between insurgents and Spaniards in which over 700 Spaniards were killed and wounded.

AN avalanche fell upon the hamlet of Spilmatte, Switzerland, killing ten persons and 300 head of cattle.

THE report that cholera prevailed in Honolulu was pronounced false.

THE council of state at Honolulu issued pardons to ex-Queen Liliuokalani and several political prisoners and exiles.

AN earthquake shock at Yatanpan and vicinity, in Honduras, killed 35 persons and destroyed property valued at over \$1,000,000.

IT was proposed to nominate candidates for parliament at Windsor, Ont., and elsewhere through the dominion on a platform of Canadian independence. This is a preliminary to annexation to the United States.

AMERICA day brought a large patronage of citizens of the United States to the Toronto industrial exhibition.

THE exports from the Manchester, England, district to the United States for the year ended August 31 amounted to \$13,073,318, as against \$7,413,149 for the previous year.

THOMAS HAVILAND, ex-governor of Prince Edward Island, died at Charlottetown, aged 72 years.

MRS. MURPHY (American) died in San Salvador. Her husband, United States consul, died there a few days ago.

THE railroad dam west of Matamoros, Mexico, was broken by the overflow of the Rio Grande and nearly half the city was inundated.

SURVEYORS of the boundary line between Argentina and Bolivia have added 600 leagues to Argentina.

THE German government has decided to expel all foreign socialists from the country.

IN a letter to George Peel, secretary of the Gold Standard association in London, Mr. Gladstone says he believes England should stand squarely for a gold standard.

LATER.

A DISPATCH from Vancouver, B. C., dated the 14th, said: "The 2,000-ton steamer Catterthun, bound from Sydney to China with eighty-one human beings on board, is lying many fathoms deep off Seal rock, near Port Stephens lighthouse. Only twenty-six lives were saved. The accident was due to currents drifting the steamer on the rocks in the fury and darkness of a storm."

THE Mora claim was paid, on the 14th, by Senor Dapuy de Lome, the Spanish minister to Washington, handing to Acting Secretary of State Adee a draft on the Spanish fiscal agent at London for \$1,449,000 in gold. The loss of \$51,000 from the amount of \$1,500,000 originally agreed upon is due to the difference between the value of the Spanish peseta and the American gold dollar.

THE weekly statement of the associated banks of New York city, issued on the 14th, showed the following changes: Reserve, decrease, \$8,161,525; loans, increase, \$4,333,100; specie, decrease, \$1,911,690; legal tenders, decrease, \$7,334,700; deposits, decrease, \$5,091,100; circulation, increase, \$137,600.

PROF. C. V. RILEY, for many years entomologist of the department of agriculture, and well known among scientists in this country and Europe, died in Washington, a few minutes after midnight on the 14th, from injuries received a few hours before by being thrown from his bicycle.

A PARIS paper asserts that 3,000 French soldiers have died in Madagascar since the French expedition began operations against the Hovas. The paper also says it is not likely that Antananarivo, the Hova capital, will be occupied by the French before spring.

A FATAL balloon accident occurred, on the 15th, at Loschenbeck, near Brussels. An aeronaut named Toulet and three companions attempted to make an ascent, and when the balloon was in mid-air it exploded. The four men were killed in the fall.

BESSIE BRUCE, the 14-year-old daughter of W. R. Bruce, of Fort Scott, Kas., was accidentally shot and instantly killed by her 8-year-old sister Ervin on the 14th.

ON the 14th the associated banks of New York city held \$26,885,250 in excess of the requirements of the 25-percent rule.

HEAVY frosts were experienced in portions of Pennsylvania and New Hampshire on the morning of the 15th.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

THE State University.

The state university at Columbia opened a few days ago with the largest first day enrollment in the history of the institution.

The university begins the year under almost entirely new conditions. The coming term will be a crucial period in the history of the university, and much can be judged by the success or failure in the next nine months. In addition to the new buildings, a number of new departments have been established and new professors appointed to fill the necessary chairs. One of the most important is the order of physical culture, which had been discussed for several years. The students will now receive physical as well as intellectual training, and all forms of athletics will be encouraged, both by the faculty and curators. The fixtures of the gymnasium cost \$1,400. The University Alumni association will make a university exhibit at the St. Louis exposition: pictures of all buildings, specimen diplomas, catalogues, etc., are to be placed on exhibition.

The campus is being regraded. The quadrangle will be regraded in dish shape, thus apparently elevating the buildings and bringing them into better view. The large mound in the center of the quadrangle will be cut down 3 or 4 feet, thus giving a better view of the main buildings from the front of the campus.

University annex, or Columbia academy, which is designed to prepare students for the university, began the second year with a large enrollment and bright prospects for the coming year.

Good crops and financial improvements have plainly affected all the Columbia schools, and the total number of students enrolled in the various institutions located there during the coming year will doubtless exceed 2,000.

THE Bryant Family.

A reunion of the children of George S. Bryant was held at Independence. There are nine brothers and sisters in this remarkable family, the youngest 62 and the oldest 87. G. S. Bryant and family settled in Independence in 1838, and purchased forty acres, still known as the Bryant homestead, on South Main street. Since that time annual reunions have been held by the family in the old home. These present at the recent reunion were: Mrs. Berinda Kemper, of Hickman's Mills, 87; Dr. John Bryant, Independence, 70; Isaac Bryant, Adrian, Mo., 81; Mrs. America Christopher, Warrensburg, 73; Mrs. Virginia Robinson, Kansas City, 71; James M. Bryant, Kansas City, 69; Dr. David A. Bryant, Hickman's Mills, Mo., 67; and Mr. Samuel Gregg, Independence, 62. Dr. John Bryant, Independence, is still actively engaged in the practice of medicine.

Realized Death Was Near.

Dr. M. Godbey, aged 50, and for the last twenty years one of the leading physicians in Dent county, died very suddenly the other night. He had been in poor health for some time, although able to attend to business. Realizing that he could not live but a short time, on September 1 he sold his drug store and executed his will, leaving his affairs in the best possible shape for his family.

Created a Sensation.

A sensation has been created in Springfield by the filing of a suit by Mrs. Hiram McLaughlin for divorce, alleging cruelty. She is the daughter of Rev. M. M. McClure, a prominent minister, and McLaughlin is the son of one of Springfield's wealthiest citizens. Both were prominent in society. They have been married for three years and have two children.

H. C. Fink.

H. C. Fink died at California, from the effects of a paralytic stroke. Deceased was a native of Germany, came to America in 1845, and settled at California in 1852. Since that time he has been engaged in various mercantile enterprises with considerable success. He held several public offices, and was a type of a self-made and patriotic business man. He leaves a widow, two daughters and a son.

A Successful Fair.

The Schuyler county fair was a decided success. The exhibit of live stock and agricultural products has never been equaled. The magnificent display of pears, peaches, apples, wheat, corn, grass, seed, potatoes and other vegetables excited the wonder and admiration of visitors from abroad.

Thrown From a Carriage.

J. W. Schroeder, a prominent nurseryman of Foristell, St. Charles county, was driving along the road near Wentzville when the horse became frightened and ran away, throwing Schroeder from his buggy, inflicting serious injuries.

Greene County Shrivels.

The special election held to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Sheriff Stewart of Greene county resulted in the election of Marion Donnell, democrat, over Edmondson, republican, by 600 to 700 plurality.

Fell Dead on the Street.

Richard Compton, an old esteemed citizen of Butler, was found dead at daylight on a street near his home. He is supposed to have fallen dead from apoplexy about 9 o'clock at night on his way home.

Miss Stephens' Earrings.

While Miss Margaret Stephens, daughter of State Treasurer Stephens, was the guest of a prominent hotel in St. Louis, some one, it is alleged, stole from her a pair of handsome diamond earrings.

Crops Submerged.

The overflow of the Marmaton river, in southwest Missouri, caused by the recent heavy rainfall, has covered thousands of acres of growing crops, and the damage will be considerable.

Fatally Injured.

While out riding at Richmond, Ray county, Mrs. J. T. Wilson and Mrs. Irvi Miller were thrown from their buggy, and Mrs. Miller fatally injured.

Elevator and Contents Burned.

Stipp & Co.'s elevator at South Carrollton, Carroll county, with its contents, was destroyed by fire. Insurance on building and contents, \$17,000.

Married Fifty Years.

Mr. and Mrs. Caspar Klute, 4316 South Compton avenue, St. Louis, celebrated their golden wedding a few days ago. Many friends visited them.

Missouri Mexican War Veterans.

The Missouri Mexican War Veterans' association will hold their annual meeting at Salisbury on September 18 and 19. Good attendance desired.

Seventh Regiment Reunion.

The seventh annual reunion of the Seventh regiment, Missouri state militia (cavalry), will be held at Pertie Springs on October 9-10.

GOLD IN MISSOURI.

A Colorado Prospector Claims to Have Found It Near Arrow Rock.

Says a special from Denver, Col.: R. R. Farris, a Colorado prospector, has returned from a trip to Missouri in search of gold, and claims to have found it in paying quantities near the Missouri river. Mr. Farris claims to have heard a story of an old gold digger in Missouri, near Marshall, Saline county, from an old negro, who knew of it being worked years ago, and he set out to prospect the country a few weeks ago, and found good panning at a point 2 miles from Arrow Rock, Saline county. He followed his prospect and found a large deposit of gravel carrying gold.

An assay of four ounces of the dirt found in Kansas City gave the following returns: The bulk of the sample showed magnetic iron interspersed with angular fragments of gray quartz, some small pebbles, rounded, of agate, with a few extremely small rubies; silicious gray sand makes up the remainder of the sample; copper, trace; iron pyrites, trace; gold, about one-quarter ounce to the ton.

Mr. Farris also found some good-looking rock thrown out by coal miners and took it to Kansas City to be assayed, and while he has had no returns yet, he is confident that it is gold-bearing rock. He is of the opinion that there is a large deposit there, but is keeping the discovery a secret until he tests it thoroughly.

Dr. Fraker Pleads Not Guilty.

The first steps toward the prosecution of Dr. G. W. Fraker were taken at Richmond, Ray county, the other day, when the prisoner was taken before Justice McCauston to answer to the charge of obtaining life insurance money by false pretense. The charge was preferred by A. S. Van Valkenburg, representing the Kansas Mutual Life association, of Topeka, Kas.

The charge, stripped of its legal verbiage, recites that on the 15th of May, 1892, and on the 20th day of February, 1893, the defendant, Fraker, obtained from the Mutual Life association two policies of insurance for \$5,000 each, and that on the 10th day of July, 1893, he attempted to defraud the association by pretending to lose his life by drowning in the Missouri river.

Fraker pleaded not guilty to the charge.

The state was not ready to go into an examination, and by consent the preliminary hearing was fixed for Tuesday, September 17. Fraker seems content with his surroundings and says he will be out on bail in a week.

A Fatal Piling.

The other morning a construction train on the Kansas City, Pittsburgh & Gulf railway, carrying Supt. Morley and Construction Engineer Nelson to the scene of a washout, went through a bridge about 3 miles south of Neosho, killing John Fore, engineer, and Jas. Fitzmorris, fireman, and badly hurting Jasper Rowe, brakeman. The grade and abutments of the bridge had been washed out for a space of 30 feet, leaving the track suspended some 20 feet above the bottom of the branch. The force of the engine carried it to the north side of the opening before it dropped. The tender tumbled half over and fell full upon the engine. It was followed by three carsloads of ties and wrecking timbers, burying the engineer and fireman beneath it all. Their bodies were recovered. It was several days before traffic was resumed on the road, as there were four bridges and about 4,000 feet of track out between Neosho and Joplin, the result of the heavy rains.

Heavy Hails.

Seneca, Newton county, was visited by the heaviest rain the other night since 1875, and in a short time water was 3 feet deep on Main street. Lost creek, which flows through the town, overflowed its banks and submerged the lower residence portion, and many families were compelled to leave their homes.

At Joplin, the same night, rain fell in sheets from 10 o'clock until daylight. Lightning struck several buildings, among them the Columbia school. The railways suffered.

At Webb City it is estimated that damage was inflicted by rain and wind that will aggregate \$100,000. Many people were compelled to take refuge on second floors.

Reason for Rev. Ramsey's Suspension.

Rev. C. H. Ramsey, who was suspended by the Presbyterian assembly, says a dispatch from Columbia, was charged with falsehood. He was accused of burning his own house, and tried on this charge in the Callaway county circuit court last May and acquitted. The presbytery then brought charges against him for arson and also for falsehood, and it was for the latter offense that he was suspended. He was notified three times during the past year to appear before the presbytery and defend himself, but as he did not appear he was finally suspended from the ministry.

School Teacher Uses a Hutcher Knife.

Miss Mary Peck, teacher of Albany school, says an item sent from Richmond, made a desperate attempt to commit suicide while temporarily insane from pain. When she reached her boarding house she complained of a severe pain in the head. After supper she went into the kitchen and procured a large butcher-knife and thrust it into her neck, just missing the jugular vein and producing a dangerous and probably fatal wound.

Holiness Revival Services.

The holiness camp meeting which has been in progress in Northeast Columbia resulted in over fifty conversions. Several meetings were held on the streets of Columbia. The meeting was in charge of Elders Geo. R. Sneed, Centralia; C. W. Sherman, St. Louis; J. F. Watkins, College Mound, and F. H. Sumpter, New Florence. The preachers alternated in taking charge of the meeting. Brief talks from members of the congregation frequently took the place of sermons. The holiness people have three churches in Boone county.

MR. DEPEW INTERVIEWED.

The "Only Chance" Returns to New York from England—Impressions He Received Abroad—Entertainingly Set Forth for the Benefit of Those of Us Who Must Stay at Home—Englishmen's Preference for America and Americans.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Chauncey M. Depew arrived from Europe Saturday night on the steamship Paris. In an interview yesterday concerning his vacation trip he had the following to say:

"We arrived at Southampton at the close of the elections in England after one of the smoothest of passages on a summer sea. The progress of American methods in the old country is extraordinary. They say we have already ruined their weather. Five years ago the London newspapers sent me a letter politely requesting the appointment of a time convenient to myself when a representative might call, and afterwards submitted proofs. Three years ago reporters called and sent up their cards, but asked few questions, principally about American securities. This year the steamer landed at 5 o'clock in the morning. At 6 o'clock I went down to breakfast to find a reporter by my chair, saying in a well-remembered New York way: 'Are you Mr. Chauncey M. Depew? Well, then I want a column on these subjects upon which I am instructed to get your views.'"

"There were a dozen questions covering the elections, finance, industrial prospects and the policies of parties. It was impossible not to recognize and respond to such a touch of home, the interview in whole or part appeared in all the English papers."

"In one respect the result was interesting and showed the development of the American in England with social ambitions. The interview gave the Anglomaniacs the opportunity and they improved it in the press, at dinners and in the drawing rooms. One of the questions was: 'What is the American idea of home rule, and how generally are Americans of one mind on the subject?' My answer was substantially that home rule is the cornerstone of our institutions and our people are practically unanimous on that subject; that there never had been any division among us as to home rule for Ireland, and we could not understand the adoption of the policy leading to the disruption of the British empire. On the contrary we thought the adoption of the federative principle would benefit England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales and the colonies; that we were heartily in favor of English speaking peoples leading the world and willing that the British empire should have a first place in the affairs of Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia, but that we would neither consent to nor permit the control or occupation by any European power of the republics of America."

"Now, our English kinsman loves frankness and fair play. He is an intense partisan and born fighter, but he has too good an opinion of himself to like an imitation of himself from any other country. He doesn't care for Anglo-Americans, or Anglo-Frenchmen, or Anglo-Germans or Italians. He likes genuine representatives of any people, and is most hospitable in his home and family. Certainly, I did not experience any of the dreadful consequences predicted for telling the truth."

"Can you tell," said an American lady, the wife of a most agreeable but moss-covered Tory, "the difference between a conservative and a radical, over here? I have never heard but one side. I told her she could differentiate them on this generalization: 'A British conservative wants everything to remain as it exists, no matter how bad it is, and a radical to change everything no matter how good it is.'"

"Our enlarged navy, our recent collision with the British foreign office over Nicaragua and Venezuela, our increasing interest in foreign relations, and the possibility of an administration which will enforce the Monroe doctrine, has created a new and unusual interest in the affairs of the United States. This is evidenced in the Times appointing Mr. Sumley its special correspondent in the United States and printing several columns of his cables. The statesmen of both parties would like a sort of offensive and defensive alliance with us. They want our help in China and in Japan and in the difficulties arising out of Russian, German and French hostility and aggressiveness in the east, and would gladly bundle all American matters into our hands in exchange for such an understanding."

"The strength of the Tories is in the cities. They have no temperance or reform fads or fadsists, and the liquor and beer interests are solidly with them. The London districts which return members of parliament have five times more population and votes than the Irish districts, and the one most upmost idea with every conservative you meet is to minimize Irish power in parliament by taking away twenty-three seats from Ireland and giving most of them to London."

"In a sense this tremendous growth of cities, while the country stands still or decreases in population, is the same difficulty which our New York constitutional convention tried to settle by preventing the cities of New York and Brooklyn from ever having a majority of state senators. While Ireland's population has run down from 8,000,000 to 4,000,000, that of London has increased from 2,000,000 to 6,000,000."

"CHARLEY" RILEY DEAD.

The Greatest American Entomologist Thrown from His Bicycle and Killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Prof. C. V. Riley, for many years entomologist of the department of agriculture, and well known among scientists in this country and Europe, while riding a bicycle last night was thrown, his head hitting the curbstone with such force that his skull was fractured. He was taken in charge by friends and the best of surgical aid called to his assistance, but it was of no avail; he died a few minutes after midnight.